



∴ \ddot{x}_1, \ddot{x}_2 \int \rightarrow x_1, x_2

$$\begin{cases} m \ddot{x}_1 = k(x_2 - x_1) - \Gamma \dot{x}_1 \\ m \ddot{x}_2 = k(x_1 - x_2) - \Gamma \dot{x}_2 + F_0 \cos \omega t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \Psi_a = x_1 + x_2 \\ \Psi_b = x_1 - x_2 \end{cases} \quad \gamma \equiv \Gamma/m$$

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{\Psi}_a + \gamma \dot{\Psi}_a = \frac{F_0}{m} \cos \omega t \\ \ddot{\Psi}_b + \gamma \dot{\Psi}_b + \frac{2k}{m} \Psi_b = -\frac{F_0}{m} \cos \omega t \end{cases}$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{2k}{m}$$

$$\Psi_a = A_a \sin \omega t + B_a \cos \omega t$$

$$B_a = -\frac{F_0}{m} \frac{1}{\omega^2 + \gamma^2} \quad A_a = \frac{F_0}{m} \frac{\gamma}{\omega(\omega^2 + \gamma^2)}$$

$$\Psi_b = A_b \sin \omega t + B_b \cos \omega t$$

$$B_b = -\frac{F_0}{m} \frac{\omega_0^2 - \omega^2}{(\omega_0^2 - \omega^2)^2 + \gamma^2 \omega^2} \quad A_b = \frac{F_0}{m} \frac{2\omega}{(\omega_0^2 - \omega^2)^2 + \gamma^2 \omega^2}$$

∴ x_1, x_2 \int \rightarrow x_1, x_2

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{2} (\Psi_a + \Psi_b)$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{2} (\Psi_a - \Psi_b)$$